

hibernia

CODE OF BUSINESS CONDUCT AND ETHICS

**Hibernia Real Estate Group Limited
December 2024**

SUMMARY OF THE CODE'S PRINCIPLES

PROTECTING THE COMPANY'S ASSETS, RESOURCES AND DATA

- We often have sensitive confidential information about our company, our affiliates, other companies, and our officers and employees; preserving the integrity of this information is vital to our business and reputation and is necessary to meet our obligations under data protection laws.
- Electronic communications relating to business activities may not be conducted through electronic communication systems that have not been specifically approved for business activities, including (among others) personal email accounts, personal text messaging, non-approved chat forums, and social media.

ACCURACY OF BOOKS AND RECORDS AND PUBLIC DISCLOSURES

- We should take care that our books and records are accurate and that all of our business transactions are properly authorised.
- As an affiliate of a public company, we must ensure that our communications and other disclosures to the market are true and accurate.

DUTIES TO STAKEHOLDERS

- In asset management, one's reputation is everything and we should act responsibly in dealings with our securityholders, customers, clients, investors, suppliers, other stakeholders and competitors.
- We must manage capital as though it were our own.

COMMUNICATIONS AND MEDIA

- In this digital era, be careful in your written communications made over company information systems, such as email, as this is a permanent record.
- You must ensure that your online activities, including your use of social media, are appropriate and reflect well on us and Brookfield.

CONFLICTS OF INTEREST AND PERSONAL BEHAVIOUR

- As a representative of the company your personal behaviour must be consistent with our values.
- Be cognizant that you face risks that your personal interests may conflict with or appear to conflict with the interests of the company.

POSITIVE WORK ENVIRONMENT

- We value diversity and we should all do our part to maintain a respectful work environment where everyone feels safe, included and productive.
- Our success is dependent on establishing a workplace culture free from discrimination, violence, harassment and other negative influences.

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS, RULES, REGULATIONS AND POLICIES

- We are subject to different laws, rules and regulations; you need to be aware of the laws that apply to your activities so that you can comply with them; ignorance of the law is no excuse.
- The company has corporate policies that you must be familiar with, as they govern all business activities, business practices and other conduct.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

WHY DO WE HAVE A CODE?

The Code serves as a guide for how you should conduct yourself as a member of our team. Preserving our corporate culture and ensuring compliance with legal, regulatory and fiduciary duties is vital to the organisation and following the Code helps us do that.

WHO MUST FOLLOW THE CODE?

All officers, employees, and temporary workers of Hibernia Real Estate Group Limited and its subsidiaries (the “company”).

WHAT ARE YOUR RESPONSIBILITIES?

You have two responsibilities. First, you must follow every aspect of the Code and certify your commitment each year. Second, if you suspect someone may be violating the Code or the policies referred to herein, you have an obligation to report it. To make a report, follow the section of the Code: “Reporting Potential Code Violations.”

HOW WILL I KNOW IF THERE IS A PROBLEM?

The Code attempts to deal with the most common issues that you may encounter, but it cannot address every question that may arise. When you’re not sure what to do, ask yourself the following questions:

- Is it illegal?
- Does it feel like the wrong thing to do?
- Would you feel uncomfortable if others knew about it?
- Will it have the potential to create a negative perception of you or the company?
- Do you have a personal interest that has the potential to conflict with the company’s interest?

If you answer “yes” to any of these questions your proposed conduct may violate the Code and you should ask for help.

HOW SHOULD I ASK FOR HELP?

If you have questions about the Code, any policies or guidelines referred to herein, or about the best course of action to take in a particular situation, you should seek guidance from your line manager, the Chief Executive (CE), the Chief Operations Officer (COO), the Risk & Compliance team or the Brookfield legal team.

WHAT IF I WOULD LIKE TO MAKE AN ANONYMOUS REPORT?

You may make an anonymous report by contacting the company’s reporting hotline, which is operated by an independent third-party and is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. The Reporting Hotline phone number is available on Schedule A. If you choose to make an anonymous report, your anonymity will be protected to the fullest extent possible as permitted by law. Keep in mind, however, that maintaining your anonymity may limit the company’s ability to investigate your concerns.

WHAT ARE THE CONSEQUENCES FOR VIOLATING THE CODE?

Violations of the Code or the policies and guidelines incorporated by reference herein, can vary in its consequences. If you’re an employee, it could result in a reprimand or other disciplinary action, including the termination of your employment at the company for cause. Certain violations of the Code also contravene applicable laws and therefore can have severe consequences outside the company. Depending on your actions, failing to comply with the Code could lead to civil or criminal prosecution, which could result in substantial fines, penalties and/or imprisonment.

<u>TABLE OF CONTENTS</u>	<u>Page</u>
INTRODUCTION	5
STANDARDS OF BUSINESS CONDUCT.....	5
PROTECTING THE COMPANY’S ASSETS, RESOURCES AND DATA.....	5
ACCURACY OF BOOKS AND RECORDS AND PUBLIC DISCLOSURES.....	6
DUTIES TO STAKEHOLDERS	7
COMMUNICATIONS AND MEDIA.....	7
CONFLICTS OF INTEREST AND PERSONAL BEHAVIOR	8
POSITIVE WORK ENVIRONMENT	10
COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS, RULES, REGULATIONS AND POLICIES.....	12
REPORTING POTENTIAL CODE VIOLATIONS	14
DISCIPLINARY ACTION FOR CODE VIOLATIONS	15
STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE	15
WAIVERS	15
AMENDMENTS	15
SCHEDULE A – CONTACT INFORMATION	16

INTRODUCTION

This Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (“the Code”) applies to all officers, employees and temporary workers (collectively, “you” or “employee”) of the company.

STANDARDS OF BUSINESS CONDUCT

The company seeks to foster and maintain a reputation for honesty, openness, trust, integrity and professionalism. The confidence and trust placed in the company by customers, clients, investors, owners, suppliers, other stakeholders, and competitors and its affiliates (collectively, our “stakeholders”) is something we value greatly and endeavor to protect. In many respects, our reputation is our most vital business asset. Accordingly, all our activities should be conducted with honesty and integrity and in compliance with applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

We have adopted the Code and related policies and procedures to preserve our culture and to ensure compliance with legal, regulatory and fiduciary requirements applicable to our activities. We expect and require that you meet the letter and spirit of the Code (and related policies and procedures). This Code incorporates by reference the following corporate policies and programmes which should be read in conjunction with the Code:

- Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy;
- Anti-Bribery and Corruption Programme; and
- Positive Work Environment Policy.

PROTECTING THE COMPANY’S ASSETS, RESOURCES AND DATA

The company’s assets are to be used for legitimate business purposes only.

The company’s assets are for business, not personal use. The company’s assets span many categories. Assets can be physical, tangible goods, such as office supplies, furniture, computers or intangible items, such as intellectual property. You have a responsibility to safeguard the company’s assets from loss, damage, theft, misuse and waste. If you become aware of loss, damage, theft, misuse or waste of our assets, or have questions about your proper use of them, you should speak with your line manager. The company’s name (including its corporate letterhead and logo), facilities and relationships are valuable assets and must only be used for authorised company business.

If you use the company’s assets or customer assets for personal benefit or are otherwise wasteful with the company’s assets or occupier/customer assets, you may be in breach of your duty to the company. You have a responsibility not to abuse company resources for reimbursement. Any requests for reimbursement for authorised company expenses must be for legitimate business expenses. If you are unsure whether a certain expense is legitimate, you should speak with your line manager.

Confidential information must be protected at all times.

We must protect confidential information in our possession - information about us, our affiliates and our stakeholders. Confidential information includes, but is not limited to, material non-public information, all

confidential memos, notes, lists, records and other documents in your possession, in hard and soft copy. All of these are to be delivered to the company promptly after your employment ceases or at any time upon the company's request, and your obligation to protect this information continues after you leave the company. You must protect hard and soft copies of confidential information that are removed from the office (e.g., to be worked with at home or at external meetings).

It is important to use discretion when discussing company business. This includes respecting any applicable information barrier protocols and discussing company business only with those individuals at the company that have a "need to know" the information. Additionally, be careful not to discuss company business in public places such as lifts, restaurants, and public transportation or when using your phone or email outside of the office. You should also be careful not to leave confidential information in unattended conference rooms or in public places where others can access it. While at the company, if you become aware of confidential information about the company or another entity that you know or suspect has been inadvertently disclosed, seek guidance from the Risk & Compliance team.

Personal data held by or on behalf of the company must be used in compliance with data protection laws.

The company collects personal data regarding individuals both inside and outside the organisation where we have the lawful basis for doing so. This is necessary to effectively and efficiently administer and manage the operation of our business. Personal data includes, among other things, sensitive personal, medical and financial information. We should take all reasonable steps to only hold personal data for as long as we have a need to retain it.

Collection and use of personal data are subject to various legal and regulatory requirements. You must take all reasonable steps to ensure that personal data is kept confidential and accessed only by those individuals at the company that have a need to know this information to carry out their duties. In addition, if it is necessary to the conduct of business to disclose personal data to a third-party (e.g., so that a third-party may provide services to the company or acquire an asset or business of the company) then you must ensure that such transfer complies with applicable legal and regulatory requirements. This may include ensuring the third-party is subject to a written agreement which contains confidentiality obligations and, where relevant, other obligations which must be included under the data protection laws of certain jurisdictions in which we or our stakeholders operate. In all other cases, you may only disclose personal data pursuant to a legal or regulatory requirement.

You are responsible for ensuring that you understand and comply with our data protection/privacy policies. For more information about compliance with data protection laws, please seek guidance from the Risk & Compliance team.

The documents of the company must be preserved.

It is critical that you help preserve our business records, follow the guidelines set forth in any document retention policies and comply with related legal and regulatory requirements. If you are notified that your documents are relevant to an anticipated or pending litigation, investigation or audit, you must follow the guidance set forth in the notification you receive from legal counsel regarding retention of documents.

ACCURACY OF BOOKS AND RECORDS AND PUBLIC DISCLOSURES

Ensure that the books and records of the company are complete and accurate and that all business transactions are properly authorised.

The books and records of the company must reflect all its transactions in order to permit the preparation of accurate financial statements. Employees must never conceal information from (i) an external auditor; (ii) an internal auditor; or (iii) the Board of Directors of the company or parent company. In addition, it is unlawful for any person to fraudulently influence, coerce, manipulate or mislead an external auditor of the company.

The company's contracts and agreements govern our business relationships. Because the laws governing contracts and agreements are numerous and complicated we have put in place policies and procedures to ensure that any contract entered into by the company has the appropriate level of approval. As a result, employees who enter into contracts or agreements on behalf of the company must have proper authorisation to do so and, prior to their execution, these documents must be reviewed by legal counsel where required by policy or practice. If you are unsure whether you have proper authorisation to enter into a contract on behalf of the company, please seek guidance from the Risk & Compliance team and/or refer to the company's *Signing Authority and Delegations Policy (SADP)*.

Ensure that the company provides full, true and plain public disclosure.

All employees who provide information for public disclosures of any of our affiliates must ensure that public disclosures of information are made honestly and accurately. Employees must be aware of and report any of the following: (a) fraud or deliberate errors in the preparation, maintenance, evaluation, review or audit of any financial statement or financial record; (b) deficiencies in, or noncompliance with, internal accounting controls; (c) misrepresentations or false statements; or (d) deviations from full, true and plain reporting of the company's financial condition.

Additionally, each person who is in a financial reporting oversight role, and their Family Members¹, are prohibited from obtaining any tax or other services from the external auditor, irrespective of whether the company or such person pays for the services.

DUTIES TO STAKEHOLDERS

Deal fairly with the company's stakeholders.

You must deal fairly with our stakeholders and competitors. To preserve our reputation and relationship with stakeholders, do not engage in any illegal or unethical conduct.

Manage capital as though it were your own.

You must avoid engaging in any activity that could result in an actual, potential or perceived conflict of interest and avoid any action that may be perceived as a breach of trust, unless such activity is resolved in accordance with a framework that was fully and fairly disclosed to and approved by the relevant stakeholders in accordance with applicable legal and regulatory requirements. A "conflict of interest" for this purpose occurs when the company's interest interferes, or even appears to interfere, with the interests of our affiliates or stakeholders.

COMMUNICATIONS AND MEDIA

Use the company's various forms of communication properly and appropriately.

All business matters that involve electronic, written communication must be conducted by employees on

¹For the purposes of this Code, "Family Members" are your spouse, partner or other family members who live in the same dwelling as you.

the company's email system or through other systems provided and approved by the company. You must always use our e-mail, Internet, telephones and other forms of communication appropriately and professionally. Employees must comply with our *IT Security Policy*, *AI policy* and all related policies. While we appreciate the need for limited use of these tools for personal purposes, any such use should not be excessive or detract from your work. As outlined in the summary of the Code's principles, electronic communications relating to business activities may not be conducted through electronic communications system that have not been specifically approved for business activities, including (among others) personal email accounts, personal text messaging, non-approved chat forums and social media.

Employees should not email business information to their personal email accounts or maintain a copy of business information on their personal computers or other non-work electronic devices. When using company-provided technologies, such as computers, mobile phones and voicemail, you should not expect that the information you send or receive is private. Your activity may be monitored to ensure these resources are used appropriately and are in compliance with the company's policies and laws and regulations; please refer to the *Employee Data Protection and Privacy Notice*.

Be cautious in your use of social media.

The company's social media policy is that, unless you are expressly authorised, you are strictly prohibited from commenting, or posting about, or otherwise discussing the company, its stakeholders, its employees, and its securities, investments and other business matters on all social media forums, including, but not limited to, social networks, chat rooms, wikis, virtual worlds and blogs (collectively, "social media"). You are a representative of the company when engaging in online activities and you must ensure that your behaviour online, including on social media, is appropriate and consistent with our values. For further details on the appropriate use of social media, you should refer to the company's *IT Security Policy*.

Do not speak on behalf of the company unless authorised to do so.

As an affiliate of a public company, it is important to ensure our communications to the investing public are:

(a) timely; (b) full, true and plain; and (c) consistent and broadly disseminated in accordance with all applicable legal and regulatory requirements. You may not make public statements on the company's or Brookfield's behalf unless you have been designated as a "Spokesperson".

If a stakeholder, financial analyst, member of the media or other third-party contacts you to request information, even if the request is informal, do not respond to it unless you are authorised to do so. In this event, refer the request to your line manager or forward the request to an individual at the company employed in investor relations or communications.

CONFLICTS OF INTEREST AND PERSONAL BEHAVIOUR

Exhibit personal behaviour that reinforces a positive image of you and the company.

Your personal behaviour, both inside and outside work, should reinforce a positive image of you, the company and its business activities. It is essential to use good judgment in all your personal and business dealings. You should refrain from engaging in activities that could hurt the company's reputation, or yours, and that could undermine the relationship of trust between you and the company or the company and its stakeholders. Employees who have acted inappropriately may be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination for cause.

Remember your duties to the company when participating in outside personal interests; obtain permission before pursuing business activities outside the scope of your role with the company

The company encourages officers and employees to be active participants in their community. While pursuing personal, political, not-for-profit activities or other like activities, be mindful that your participation in any outside interest must not prevent you from adequately discharging your duties to the company and should not conflict with or otherwise be adverse to the company's interests. In addition, ensure that when you are involved in these activities you are not seen to be speaking or acting on behalf of the company without express authority.

"Outside Business Activities," otherwise known as "OBAs" include any business activities outside the scope of one's role with the company, including any activity as an employee, independent contractor, sole proprietor, officer, director, or partner of another business organisation, regardless of whether compensation is involved. Employees must receive approval from their line manager and the COO prior to accepting an OBA. When in doubt whether you need to obtain permission, consult with COO.

Avoid situations in which your personal interests conflict with the interests of the company or its stakeholders.

A "conflict of interest" for this purpose occurs when a person's private interest inclines the person, consciously or unconsciously, or appears to incline the person to act in a manner which is not in the interests of the company. You may have a conflict of interest if you are involved in any activity that prevents you from performing your duties to the company properly, or that may create a situation that could affect your ability to act objectively, effectively and in the best interests of the company, including due to among other things, personal interests or receipt of benefits from our relationships with companies, business partners, counterparties, investment banks, brokerage firms, service providers, and other constituencies. Accordingly, you must place the company's interest in any business matter ahead of any personal interest. Remember that the company's interest includes the company's obligations to its stakeholders.

You may also have a conflict of interest or the appearance of a conflict of interest as a result of a "close personal relationship" with another employee at the company, Brookfield or a counterparty with which Brookfield is engaging (e.g., a company employee's spouse works at an entity that is being considered as a service provider). To ensure that these relationships are managed appropriately, and to deal with any possible conflicts of interest in an appropriate and responsible manner, you are expected to disclose the existence of such relationships to your Human Resources ("HR") department.

For the purposes of the Code, a close personal relationship includes, but is not limited to, relationships with a parent or parent equivalent (e.g., adoptive parent), close relative or friend, spouse, fiancée, common law, or anyone else with whom you are in, or have been in, a romantic or intimate relationship.

The best way to judge whether you may have a conflict of interest is to ask yourself whether a well-informed person would reasonably conclude that your interest could in any way influence your decision or performance in carrying out a duty on behalf of the company. To avoid conflicts of interest, identify potential conflicts when they arise; contact the Risk & Compliance Officer if you are unsure whether a conflict exists. In addition, if you become aware of any conflict or potential conflict of another officer or employee, you should consult the Risk & Compliance team.

Do not take corporate opportunities as your own personal opportunities.

You are prohibited from taking personal advantage of a business or investment opportunity that you become aware of through your work at the company. You owe a duty to the company to advance its interests when the opportunity arises, and you must not compete with the company in any way.

POSITIVE WORK ENVIRONMENT

Be committed to our respectful work environment free from discrimination², violence³ and harassment⁴.

We value diversity and we should all do our part to maintain our respectful work environment where everyone feels safe, included and productive. The company does not tolerate workplace discrimination, violence or harassment. All officers and employees must work to ensure that the company is a safe and respectful environment where high value is placed on integrity, fairness and respect. For more information on the company's commitment to its positive work environment, refer to the company's *Employee Handbook*.

You have a duty to report discrimination, violence and harassment.

If you experience or become aware of what you believe to be discrimination, violence or harassment, you are expected to report it in accordance with the "Reporting Potential Code Violations" section of the Code and/or in accordance with the *Employee Handbook*. Reports of discrimination, violence or harassment will be taken seriously and investigated. If you are found to be discriminating against, acting or threatening to act violently towards, or harassing any individual at the company, or if you knowingly condone the discrimination of, violence towards, or harassment of another individual, you will face corrective action up to and including termination without notice and for cause.

We want to create a culture of reporting when it comes to discrimination, violence and harassment, as reporting is essential for us as a company to stamp out these behaviours. While we reserve the right to take corrective action if you knowingly make a false accusation about an innocent party, you will not face retaliation for making a good faith report or assisting in the investigation of a report.

Be committed to ensuring the health and safety of fellow officers and employees.

We all have the right to work in an environment that is safe and healthy. In this regard, you must:

- a. comply strictly with all occupational, health and safety laws and internal procedures;
- b. not engage in illegal or dangerous behaviour, including any acts or threats of violence;
- c. not possess, distribute or be under the influence of drugs while on company premises or when conducting company business; and
- d. not possess or use weapons or firearms or any type of combustible material in the company's

² "Discrimination" means the differential treatment of an individual or group based on prescribed characteristics protected by law.

Prescribed characteristics generally include age, color, race, religion, sex, gender, marital status, ancestry, sexual orientation, national origin, disability. It does not matter whether the discrimination is intentional; it is the effect of the behaviour that matters.

³ "Violence" means an action (oral, written, or physical) which causes, is intended to cause, could reasonably be interpreted as a threat to cause, or is capable of causing death or bodily injury to oneself or others, or property damage.

⁴ "Harassment" means conduct which is known or ought reasonably to be known to be unwelcome and includes conduct (e.g., comments and actions) which would be perceived by a reasonable person as being hostile, humiliating or abusive or cause him/her torment.

Harassment covers a wide range of conduct and includes sexual harassment, bullying and psychological harassment. Harassment may occur in a variety of ways and may, in some circumstances, be unintentional, but regardless of intent, all harassment negatively affects individual work performance and our workplace as a whole.

facilities, or at company-sponsored functions.

If you or someone you know is in immediate danger of serious bodily harm, first call the Gardai and then report the incident in accordance with the “Reporting Potential Code Violations” section of the Code and/or in accordance with the *Employee Handbook*.

Human Rights and Modern Slavery

We are committed to conducting business in an ethical and responsible manner, including by carrying out our activities in a manner that respects and supports the protection of human rights through:

- a. the elimination of discrimination in employment;
- b. the prohibition of child and forced labour; and
- c. the eradication of harassment and physical or mental abuse in the workplace.

We strive to embed these standards into all of our core business activities, including training, communications, contracts and due diligence processes as appropriate. For more information about our business practices to safeguard against modern slavery please refer to the Company’s *Modern Slavery Statement*.

Environmental, Social and Governance (“ESG”) Management

Our ESG principles are embedded throughout our operations and are integral to building resilient businesses and creating long-term value for our stakeholders. These include:

1. Mitigate the impact of our operations on the environment
 - a. Strive to minimize the environmental impact of our operations and improve our efficient use of resources over time.
 - b. Support the goal of net zero carbon by 2030 and net zero greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions by 2050 or sooner.
2. Ensure the well-being and safety of employees;
 - a. Foster a positive work environment based on respect for human rights, valuing diversity, and zero tolerance for workplace discrimination, violence or harassment.
 - b. Operate with leading health and safety practices to support the goal of zero serious safety incidents.
3. Uphold strong governance practices;
 - a. Operate to the highest ethical standards by conducting business activities in accordance with our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics.
 - b. Maintain strong stakeholder relationships through transparency and active engagement.
4. Be good corporate citizens.
 - a. Ensure the interests, safety and well-being of the communities in which we operate are integrated into our business decisions.
 - b. Support philanthropy and volunteerism by our employees.

Investment teams are required to incorporate ESG matters into due diligence, including anti-bribery and corruption, health and safety, and other ESG considerations.

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS, RULES, REGULATIONS AND POLICIES

Know and comply with all laws, rules, regulations and policies applicable to your position.

The company is committed to compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and policies. Each of us must recognize our personal obligations as individuals, to understand and comply with the laws, rules, regulations and policies that apply to us in the conduct of our duties.

Many of the company's activities are governed by laws, rules, regulations and policies that are subject to change. If you have questions about the applicability or interpretation of certain laws, rules, regulations or policies relevant to your duties at the company, you should consult with the Risk & Compliance team. In the event a local law, custom or practice conflicts with the Code you must adhere to whichever is most stringent. If you know of any of our practices that may be illegal, you have a duty to report it. Ignorance of the law is not, in general, a defense to breaking the law. We expect you to make every reasonable effort to become familiar with the laws, rules, regulations and policies affecting your activities and to comply with them. If you have any doubts as to the applicability or interpretation of any of the above, you should obtain advice from the Risk & Compliance team.

Do not trade in securities of the company or its affiliates or in any other publicly-traded securities if you possess material non-public information.

While at the company, you may have access to or become aware of material non-public information⁵, either about Brookfield Asset Management, Brookfield Property Partners, or a related or unrelated publicly-traded entity. You must not use this information to gain a financial advantage for yourself or others, either by way of making a trade for yourself, "tipping" others on the information (i.e., disclosing the information to others such as relatives or friends), or otherwise. Doing so is not only a violation of the Code that will result in immediate termination for cause but is also a serious violation of securities laws and will expose any individuals involved to potential civil and criminal prosecution.

Do not give or receive bribes, including "facilitation payments."

We value our reputation for conducting business with honesty and integrity. It is vital for us to maintain this reputation as it generates confidence in our business by our stakeholders, which ultimately means it is good for business. We do not pay bribes in furtherance of our business, either directly or indirectly, and you are not permitted to pay bribes on our behalf or authorize others to pay bribes on our behalf. This commitment comes from the highest levels of management and you must meet this standard. A bribe is anything of value that is offered, promised, given or received to improperly influence a decision or to gain an improper or unfair advantage in promoting, enhancing, obtaining or retaining business. Bribery may not always be in the form of cash payments and may take many other forms, including gifts, travel, hospitality, political contributions, charitable donations, lobbying payments, sponsorships, employment opportunities, internships, and secondments. Facilitation payments⁶ are also a form of bribe and are

⁵ Information about an entity is "material" if there is a substantial likelihood that a reasonable investor would consider the information important when deciding to buy, sell or hold that entity's securities or if the information would reasonably be expected to result in a change in the market price or value of the securities. Information is "non-public" until it has been generally disclosed to the public and adequate time has passed for the securities markets to digest the information. If you are not sure whether information is material or non-public, consult with the company's [Legal team] for guidance.

⁶ Facilitation payments are small payments made to secure or speed up routine actions or otherwise induce public officials or other third-parties to perform routine functions they are otherwise obligated to perform, such as issuing permits, approving immigration documents or releasing goods held in customs. This does not include legally required administrative fees or fees to fast-track services.

therefore not permitted. For further details, refer to company's *Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy*.

Giving or receiving gifts/entertainment should be reasonable, and in certain cases prohibited.

Gifts and entertainment given to or received from persons who have a business relationship with the company are generally acceptable, if the gift or entertainment is modest in value, appropriate to the business relationship, and does not create an appearance of impropriety. No cash or cash equivalent payments should be given or received, except in limited circumstances preapproved by the COO. Employees who do not comply with these requirements may be required to reimburse the company for the value of any gifts or benefits they make or receive on behalf of the company and may be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination for cause. For further details, refer to the company's *Gifts policy*.

Making political donations to candidates and political parties is prohibited.

Political donations made on behalf of the company are prohibited. Political donations made by individuals on their own behalf should comply with local laws and regulations.

We must prevent the use of our operations for money laundering or any activity that facilitates money laundering, the financing of terrorism, or other criminal activities.

The company is strongly committed to preventing the use of its operations for money laundering, the financing of terrorism, or other criminal activities, and will take appropriate actions to comply with applicable anti-money laundering laws. Jurisdictions may publish lists of individuals and organisations that the company is prohibited from accepting funds from or distributing funds to under applicable anti-money laundering laws. Employees are expected to use reasonable care to verify that counterparties are not owned or controlled by, or acting on behalf of, sanctioned governments, groups, individuals or others. This includes requiring counterparties to make anti-money laundering representations in documents with the company, which Risk & Compliance can provide upon request. In this respect, the company, along with the Risk & Compliance team, has developed and implemented an anti-money laundering and economic sanctions compliance programme, with a view to appropriately managing the risks of the business in this area. The company has a Sanctions Policy that should be followed.

You should consider your rights and obligations when providing information to governmental authorities.

Either during or following your employment at the company you may be contacted by governmental authorities (*e.g.*, law enforcement, securities regulators, etc.) who are seeking confidential information from you which you obtained through your association with the company. Whether you are able to respond to these questions or not, we strongly recommend that, for your own protection, you do not speak with authorities without first seeking legal advice on your rights and obligations. In this situation, you may contact the company's COO who can help you retain counsel that can assist you and will advise Brookfield of the request as required. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing in the Code prohibits or restricts you in any way from providing information to a government authority pursuant to applicable whistleblowing regulations. For further information, refer to the *Whistleblowing Policy*.

You have internal reporting obligations in the event you are convicted of an offence or misdemeanor.

We are only as good as our people, and therefore our reputation as a leading Irish property owner and developer depends on the reputation of the individuals who serve the company as a director, officer or employee. Our screening process at the company is rigorous and includes background checks so that we have the best information possible about our prospective officers and employees. Once at the company,

we expect you to continue to adhere to these principles of openness, honesty and transparency. If at any time while you are associated with the company you are convicted of an offence or misdemeanor (or been subject to any similar conviction in any jurisdiction) or are involved in any conduct that you think may be relevant to your reputation, you have an obligation to report this information to the Risk & Compliance Officer and your line manager so that it may be appropriately documented internally.

REPORTING POTENTIAL CODE VIOLATIONS

You are expected to make good faith reports.

Internal reporting is critical to the company's success, and it is both expected and valued. You are required to be proactive and promptly report any suspected violations of the Code, or any illegal or unethical behaviour or misconduct that you become aware of or are involved with. When making a report, please include specific details and back-up documentation where feasible in order to permit adequate investigation of the concern or conduct reported. Vague, nonspecific or unsupported allegations are inherently more difficult to pursue.

Employees are expected to report actual or potential misconduct or violations of the Code to their line manager in the first instance, since their line manager is generally in the best position to resolve the issue. Alternatively, you may contact the HR Department or the company's Risk & Compliance department to report any actual or potential misconduct or Code violations, or if you have any specific or general questions. If you have questions about the company's whistleblowing policy, contact the company's HR Department, Risk & Compliance team or refer to the *Whistleblowing Policy*.

In the event you do not want to report violations to your line manager, HR, or the Risk & Compliance team, you can always make a report through the company's reporting hotline.

Our reporting hotline (the "Reporting Hotline") is managed by an independent third-party. The Reporting Hotline allows anyone to call anonymously (if they so choose) to report suspected unethical, illegal or unsafe behaviour. The Reporting Hotline is available toll-free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Refer to the "Contact Information" section of the Code for the Reporting Hotline phone numbers. If you choose to make an anonymous report, your anonymity will be protected to the fullest extent possible as permitted by law.

Reports will be kept confidential and will be dealt with appropriately.

The confidentiality of reported violations will be maintained to the fullest extent possible, consistent with the need to conduct an adequate review and subject to applicable law. You may wish to identify yourself to facilitate our investigation of any report; however, you can make an anonymous report by calling the Reporting Hotline. The party receiving the initial report must record its receipt, document how the situation was dealt with and file a report with internal audit, which will be retained for the record. The Chief Internal Auditor of Brookfield will report all illegal and unethical conduct in violation of the Code to the appropriate Brookfield Board of Directors, or a committee thereof as appropriate, and externally in accordance with applicable laws.

The company prohibits retaliation against anyone who reports suspected violations of the Code or any law or regulation.

No retribution or retaliation will be taken against any person who has filed a report based on the reasonable good faith belief that a violation of the Code or any law or regulation has occurred or may in the future occur; however, making a report does not necessarily absolve you (if you are involved) or

anyone else of the breach or suspected breach of the Code. The company reserves the right to discipline you, up to and including termination for cause, if you provide false information or make an accusation you know to be untrue. This does not mean that the information that you provide has to be correct, but it does mean that you must reasonably believe that the information is truthful and demonstrates at least a possible violation of the Code. If you believe that you have been unfairly or unlawfully retaliated against, you may file a report with your line manager, the HR team, or the company's Risk & Compliance team or by calling the Reporting Hotline.

DISCIPLINARY ACTION FOR CODE VIOLATIONS

Please note that we reserve the right to take disciplinary action for Code violations that fits the nature and particular facts of the violation. This could include immediate termination for cause and, if warranted, legal proceedings may be brought against you.

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

Upon starting at the company, each director, officer, employee and temporary worker who is subject to this Code will be provided with a copy of the Code and policies referred to herein and is required to sign an acknowledgement. The acknowledgement is maintained by the company's Risk & Compliance team. On an annual basis, each officer, employee and temporary worker who is subject to this Code will be required to re-certify compliance with the Code. Annual certification as to compliance with the Code and the policies incorporated by reference herein shall be a condition of your continued employment or engagement with the company.

WAIVERS

A waiver of the Code will be granted only in very exceptional circumstances. A Code waiver must be approved by the CE.

AMENDMENTS

Senior management of the company reviews and approves the Code on at least an annual basis and is ultimately responsible for monitoring compliance with the Code.

SCHEDULE A

Reporting Hotline

To access the reporting hotline please complete the two-stage dialing process and then follow instructions:

- Firstly dial: 1800 550 000
- Then: 800 603 2869

LEGAL NOTICE

The company reserves the right to modify, suspend or revoke the Code and any related policies, procedures, and programmes at any time. The company also reserves the right to interpret and amend the Code and these policies in its sole discretion. Any amendments to the Code will be disclosed and reported as required by applicable law.

Neither the Code, nor any of the policies referred to herein, confer any rights, privileges or benefits on any employee, create an entitlement to continued employment at the company, establish conditions of employment for the employee, or create an express or implied contract of any kind between employees and the company. In addition, the Code does not modify the employment relationship between employees and the company.